Lexique Pro

Bodewadmi seshmowen

This lesson involves words that are different but have the same meaning. The difference is they are used in a totally different context in our language.

The main ones to be aware of are the words concerning eat &eating.

WISNEN: -- Eat This word is used only in the context of telling some one to eat.

WISNEK: -- Eat (plural)

Examples:

Ahaw, wisnen. -- OK eat.

Ahaw, wisnek -- OK eat (You guys)

WISEN: -- Some one eats. The past, future, and present tense markers are used

denote when. NGI -(Past) -- NWI - (Future) -- NGE - (Present)

Examples:

Tthowi, ngi gish WISEN. -- No, I already ate. Bama pi nwi WISEN. -- I'm going to eat later

Ahaw nge WISEN.-- OK I'll eat.

Ggi gish WISEN ne? -- Are you done eating? -- Have you eaten already?

WISNEMEN -- Eat (we) The tense markers indicate who is eating and when.

Examples:

Mami ne gwi WISNEMEN? -- Are we going to eat soon?

Ngi gish WISNEMEN.-- We are done eating.-- We ate already.

Gge o WISNEMEN.-- Lets go eat.

Gge WISNEMEN. -- Lets eat!

Prepared By Jim Thunder

Bodewadmi Seshmowen

One of the difficulties with our language is that we some times have two completely different words meaning the samething but are used in a different manner in sentences. One of the most common is WISEN and MITTHEN. They both mean eat but only one of them is used in describing the physical act of eating something.

WISEN — Is used in sentences involving whether people ate or is going to eat. Ggi WISEN ne?-- Did you eat? Gwi WISEN ne? — Are you going to eat?

WISNEM -- Ggi WISNEM ne? -- Did you guys eat Gwi WISNEM ne? -- Are you guys going top eat?

These two are also used in the following manner.

Ahaw, gda WISEN -- O.K. you can eat

Ahaw, gda WISNEM --- O.K. you guys can eat

blends by gdaw

Wisen --- (Sing) Wisnem -- (PI) Wisnen--- (Sing) Wisnek -- (PI)

Wisneyen - (You)
Wisneyek -- (You guys)
Wisneyak -- (Us-Excl.)
Wisniyqo --- (Us-Incl.)

Wisen --- (Sing) Wisnemen --(Us), Wisnet -- (Sing) Wisnewat -- (They)

Wisnewe-- Someone is giving or gave feast. Wisnewewek -- They are or gave a feast

NITTHEPI (When)

Wisnewet -- Used in questions when H/S gave or is going to have a feast Wisnewewat -- Used in Questions pertaining to when they had or are going to have a feast

Prepared by Jim Thunder

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command
Mitthen -- Eat -- Inanim. -- (You)
Mitthenen -- Eat something inanimate and plural
Mitthem -- Eat Inanim ----(You guys)
Mitthnawa -- Eat somethi
Mitthyen -- (You)
Mitthyek -- (You guys)
Mitthyan -- (Me)
Mitthyak -- (Us - Excl.)
Mitthgo -- (Us-Incl.)
Mwa -- You (Eat something animate)
Mwawa -- You guys -- ( " " " )
Mwamen -- Us ( " " " )
Mwak -- You -- (Eat something considered plural.)
                                                            Kda mwak
                                                      Kda mwawak gi bidiyek
Mitthem -- Is also referred to as food or groceries
Matthek -- Is reffered to as any thing we eat whether natural or grown.
              waskek matter = popper that is eater
Mow o gde bidiyem -- Eat your chicken
Mow o gde bidiymewa-- You guys eat your chicken
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WTTHANDA

Wtthanda, gbaton and gbashma are another set of words that

mean the same thing. They all mean cook but the usage is different. Withanda is used when talking about the physical act of cooking.

Hi bakwen = S/he is cookins

Wtthanda -- To cook (Singular)
Wtthandam -- To cook (Plural)

Wtthandamen -- We cook Wtthandek -- They cook Wtthandaygo-- We cook

INANIMATE

use in chart

Gbaton -- To cook something (singular)

Gbatonen -- To cook something (plural)

Gbatom -- You guys cook s.t.

Gbatonawa -- " " " "

Gbatomen -- We cook s.t.

ANIMATE

Gbashma -- To cook something (singular)

Gbashmak -- To cook something (Plural)

Gbashmawa -- You guys cook s.t. (singular)

Gbashmawak -- You guys cook s.t. (plural)

Gbashmamen -- We cook s.t.

Prepared by Jim Thunder

n Hag she we = I'm barning it (while cooking

WTTHANDAWEN

| WTTHANDAWEN |
|--|
| 5/2 /06 (COOKING) |
| 1. Fry the(those) eggsZaskokwaden ni wawmon. |
| 2. Fry the (that) eggZaskokwaden i wawen. |
| 3. Fry the baconZaskokwanesh o gokosh |
| 4. I'm going to fry the bacon Nwi zaskokwana o gokosh |
| 5. I am frying the bacon Nzaskokwana o gokosh |
| 6. Did you fry the bacon? Ggi zaskokwana ne o gokosh? |
| 7. Penyek nwi zaskokwanak I'm going to fry the potatoes. |
| 8. I'm going to fry eggsWawnon nwi zaskokwadanen. |
| 9. I'm making toastGazhakdek pkweshigen ndoshton. |
| 10.I'm making it Nin ma ndoshton. |
| Zaskokwan Frying pan |
| Zaskokwaden ——Fry it (inanim) |
| ZaskokwadanenFry it (plural-inanim) |
| Zaskokwana Frying something. (anim) |
| ZaskokwanakFrying something (plural-anim) |
| Zaskokwanesh Fry it (you) (anim) |
| Nzaskokwe I'm frying s.t. Gzaskokwe Your frying s.t. Wzaskokwe H/s frys s.t. |

Gazhakdek pkweshgen.-- Toast

Megwa she e wtthandak mime e wisnek (4/4/06)

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1. I'm going to fry bacon. ----- Gokosh nwi zaskokwana. Is the bacon done? ----- Gizzo ne o gokosh? O.K. lets have breakfast.---- Ahaw, gge keshabawisnemen. Two eggs or one?----- Nish ne wawnon, anake she ngot? How about you, more coffee?---- Gintthe, megwa ne kapi? I'm going to cook pork hocks.-- Gokosh nesdesek nwi gbashmak. Is the venison done? ----- Gishdemget ne i seksi weyas? 7. I'm going to put the beans on.-----Kotthesek nwi bodakwe. 9. Is my pot boiling?----- Wzewak ne o nde kek? 10. I'm making dumplings.-----Wezashkemdek ndoshton. Neshdesek-- Pork hocks Zaskokwan - Frying pan Gishde-- Done cooking (Inanim) Keshebawisen - Breakfast Gizzo -- Done cooking (Anim) Wawnon-- Eggs We sha shke mdek -- Dumplings Wawen--- Egg

Prepared By Jim Thunder